



# ADULT CONSULTATION FOR VASCULAR OR ENDOVASCULAR SURGERY

Note: Refer to the clinical alerts on the back of the form and favor, if available, the protocols of the Accueil Clinique before filling it out.

Patient's first and last name						
Health insurance number		Year	Month			
	Expiry					
Parent's first and last name						
Area code Phone number	Area code	Phone number	er (alt.)			
Address						
Postal code						

Rea	ason for consult	ation C	linical priority	scale: A: ≤	≤ 3 day	s B:	≤ 10 days	C: ≤	28 days	D: ≤ 3 mon	ths E: ≤ 12 mo	nths
	PVD with critical ischemia (gangrene, ischemic rest pain, or new foot wound of < 2 weeks)			В	Aneurysm: consider only anteroposterior (AP) and transverse diameter measurements.  The presence of thrombus within the aneurysm does not influent the presence of thrombus within the aneurysm does not influent.						, ,	
Arterial Insufficiency	PVD with critical ischemia with dry gangrene or chronic wound (> 2 weeks)			С	ieve	A1 -1			naging report) 70 mm		С	
	C. S. Monto Modera (* 2 Modera)			$\vdash$				☐ 45-49 mm			D	
	Intermittent claudication	☐ Rapidly evolving ☐ Severe and incapacitating ☐ Stable		С	Asymptomatic Aneurysm	Baran Kara		Rapid growth regardless of diameter		С		
				D				(> 6 mm in 6 months or > 10 mm/year)				
				Е		Descending thoracic aorta <sup>2</sup> (Prerequisite: TDM or ETT report			≥ 60 mm < 60 mm	C E		
	Ciable				ig:	lliac artery			☐ ≥ 30 mm	С		
ig ig						ma		•		☐ < 30 mm	Е	
ğ	Severe asvm	notomatic caro	tid stenosis (>	70%)	D	oto	Popliteal artery			☐ ≥ 20 mm	С	
Carotid Stenosis	_ ,	•	`	,		Ē				☐ < 20 mm	Е	
0)		1				1sy	Visceral a	aneur	/sm		☐ ≥ 20 mm	С
ဍ	(Please give		Carotid Duplex Ultrasound		E	4	(renal, splenic, mesenteric)		☐ < 20 mm	Е		
lar ic La	description of signs and symtoms in "Suspected diagnosis" section below)	(exam and consultation)		on)				ceral aneurysm in a woman childbearing age			Any diameter	В
Vascular Diagnostic Lab		Arterial Doppler exam to evaluate for arterial insufficiency			E	Venous nsufficiency		us stasis ulcer with failure of medical agement or recurrent ulcer (CEAP ≥ 4/6)³				D
) Jaç	occurr bolow)	Ankle breekiel index (ADI) prior to	D	ffic	Refer pre	Refer preferentially to wound care clinic when possible				'		
		Ankle brachial index (ABI) prior to prescription for support stockings			Na Va		ose v	se veins			Е	
	Other reason for consultation or clinical priority modification											
╽╙	(MANDATORY j	ustification	in the next s	ection):	Juille	ilion						
	(											
Su	spected diagnos	is and clini	cal informati	on (mandate	ory)					If prere	quisite is need	ed:
											lable in the QHR	
										Atta	ched to this form	
Spe	ecial needs:											
Ref	ferring physiciar	n identificati	ion and poin	t of service					Stamp			
	ng physician's name				, 1	Licence	no.					
Area c	ode Phone no.		Extension	Area code	Fax no.			$\dashv$				
Name	of point of service		1					$\dashv$				
					Date (	year, m	onth, day)	$\neg$				
Sign	ature						1					
Far	mily physician:	Same as	referring physic	ian Patie	ent with	no fam	ily physician		Registere	ed re <u>ferra</u>	l (if required)	
	physician's name							If		e a referral fo	or a particular physici	ian or
Name	of point of service											

### Legend

- Primary care physician should follow patients with annual ultrasound exams if AAA < 45mm diameter (Refer to guidelines: <u>www.choosingwiselycanada.org/recommendations/vascular-surgery/</u>)
- <sup>2</sup> Aneurysm of **descending** thoracic aorta: use this form to refer to vascular surgery Aneurysm of **ascending** thoracic aorta: refer directly to cardiac surgery and not to CRDS
- <sup>3</sup> Clinical classification of venous insufficiency (CEAP)

CEAP	Clinical Classification	CEAP	Clinical Classification
C1	Telangiectasias or reticular veins	C4	Stasis dermatitis or hyperpigmentation
C2	Varicose veins	C5	Healed stasis ulcers with scarring
C3	Edema	C6	Active venous stasis ulcer

For more information about vascular and endovascular surgery, refer to the association site: www.acvq.quebec

## **Reasons for priority A consultation:**

For all situations that requires a priority A, including these following reasons, communicate with the vascular surgeon on call in your area:

- Suspicion of recent ischemia (< 14 days) no residual motor or sensory deficit</li>
- **Documented** carotid stenosis ≥ 50% with TIA, amaurosis fugax or recent CVA
- Abdominal aorta > 70 mm

## Clinical alerts (non-exhaustive list)

### Refer the patient to the Emergency-department

- Suspicion of acute ischemia with motor or sensory deficit of upper or lower extremity or suspicion of mesenteric ischemia
- All aneurysms associated with pain or suspicion of rupture (aortic, visceral or limbs)
- Suspicion of vascular infection (native artery or prosthetic graft)
- Acute hemorrhage or risk of hemorrhage, external or internal (vascular trauma, hemorrhage from vascular access for hemodialysis, acute aortic dissection, expanding hematoma, etc.)
- · Wet gangrene or suspicion of necrotizing infection of the foot
- Plantar abscess with sepsis in a patient with suspected or known arterial insufficiency
- Suspicion of TIA or CVA with motor or sensory deficit or trouble with speech, fluctuating or transient during < 48 h or</li>
   Use the Accueil clinique for (if available) and, depending on the patient's condition